Home learning pack

<u>Monday 15th June – Friday 19th June</u>

Year 5



Lessons can be found at BBC bitesize – daily lessons Year 5

https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/tags/zhgppg8/year-5-lessons/1

Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday
English Analysing and performing poems	English Imagery and figurative language in poems	English Writing a nonsense poem	English Writing a narrative poem	English Reading lesson: The Parent Agency by David Baddiel
Maths The percent symbol and its meaning	Maths Write percentages as a fraction and a decimal	Maths Adding decimals using formal method and involving exchange	Maths Add decimals with different decimal places	Maths Challenge of the week
History Change starts with me	Geography The Lake District	Science The circulatory system	RE – The People of God	Music – Change starts with me PSHE – Self-care

<u>Monday</u>

English - BBC bitesize English – 15th June – Analysing and performing poems

The following poems are important poems about the importance of Black History. Can you explain why they are so important?

Read the poems, can you identify any features of poetry? Label these.

Then, choose your favorite to perform to your family. Features of Poetry

Examples Structure Language Features Acrostic Written in verses Alliteration · Each line starts with a capital letter Cinquain Figurative language • A comma usually at the end of Free verse Imagery each line Haiku Metaphor Limerick Onomatopoeia Narrative Pattern Personification Nonsense Shape Repetition Sonnet Rhyme Rhythm Simile Verse

Go to the Back, Rosa Parks

Go to the back of the bus, Rosa Parks Go to the back and stay "No, I won't, I think that's unfair And I'm just too tired today"

But everyone knows the rules, Rosa Parks Everyone knows if you're black You can't eat at white restaurants And on busses, you sit in the back

So now it's time to move, Rosa Parks "No, I'm not moving at all I've got a voice and I'm going to use it And thousands will hear the call"

"We're coming to sit with you, Rosa Parks" People black and white did say "We're coming to change America And bring equality here to stay!"



His Dream Lives On

Today is a day we all sing In honor of Martin Luther King

Wherever people fight to be free His name is remembered with dignity

When black people weren't treated right He stood strong to lead the fight

He fought with love, not guns or darts He changed peoples' minds and their hearts

But some people didn't like his words He was taken away, to a better world

Yet his dream lives on, that all can be free When we knock down the walls between you and me

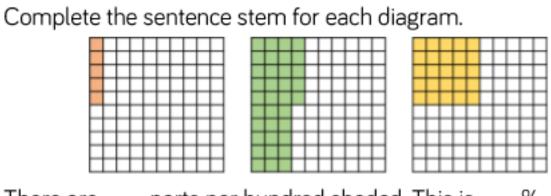
> Martin Luther King's life did not last But his dream and his spirit are free at last



Maths - BBC bitesize maths – 15th June – The percent symbol and its

meaning

https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/tags/zhgppg8/year-5-and-p6-lessons/1



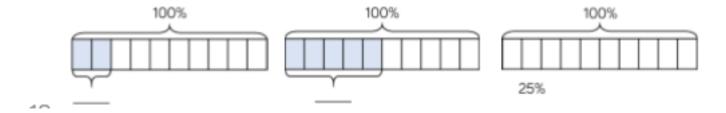
There are _____ parts per hundred shaded. This is _____%

Complete the table.

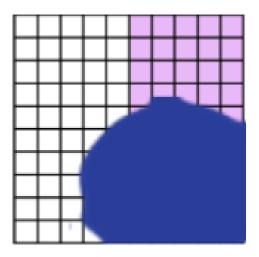
Pictorial	Parts per hundred	Percentage
	There are 51 parts per hundred.	
		75%



Complete the bar models.



Oh no! Dexter has spilt ink on his hundred square.



Complete the sentence stems to describe what percentage is shaded.

It could be...

It must be...

It can't be...

History – Change starts with me



Watch the video of Olive Morris <u>https://youtu.be/ZfcEepuEjHY</u>. How did her fight against inequality bring about change in Britain.?

Choose one or more of the following task:

- Write a fact file about the life of Olive Morris.
- Create your own video about why Olive Morris inspires you
- Create a poster about ways we can fight against inequality

Please send your work to: website@stjohnandjames.enfield.sch.uk

Injustice anywhere is a threat to justice everywhere.

MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR. LETTER FROM A BIRMINGHAM JAIL (1983)

Do you remember Olive Morris?

By Sheila Ruiz BBC London

If you are not a Lambeth resident and you were born after the 1970s, you will probably not have come across the name of Olive Morris before.

If, on the other hand, you are an adult living in Brixton, you will most likely remember - or will have heard of - this important, local historical figure.

Now, everyone will have the opportunity to find out much more.

Olive Morris' story will soon be made publicly available through the Olive Morris Collection at Lambeth Archives.



Olive Morris speaking at a rally against Police brutality in 1972



Read the news report here:

http://news.bbc.co.uk/local/london/hi/people_and_p laces/history/newsid_8310000/8310579.stm

Tuesday-

English - BBC bitesize English – 16th June – Imagery and figurative

language in poems

https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/tags/zhgppg8/year-5-and-p6-lessons/1

watch: https://www.bbc.co.uk/programmes/p01kp5zx

The, find the features of figurative writing in the Spaghetti poem.

Figurative Language

Metaphor She is a ray of sunshine. Heart of stone. He is the light of my life. A rollercoaster of emotions.

Personification

The snow speaks. The grass tickled my feet. The leaves danced on the trees. The husky corn spoke.

Onomatopoeia Crash! Splash! Boom!

Pop! Bam! Snap! Honk! Buzz! Drip! Swish! Ring! Crackle!

Alliteration

Evil eagles eat eels. Dreary, dismal darkness. Pretty purple purses. Adjectives and adverbs.

Simile

Pure as snow. Quiet as a mouse. Busy as a bee. Cute as a kitten.

Idiom

Time flies. Cat got your tongue. Broken heart. Face the music.

Hyperbole

For the millionth time, be quiet! He's got a brain the size of a pea. These shoes are killing me. Speed up- a snail can go faster than you!

SPAGHETTI

A plate heaped high with spaghetti all covered with tomato sauce is just about my favourite meal. It looks just like a gigantic heap of: steaming tangled mixed up twizzled twisted wound up woozled WORMS! I like picking them up one at a time; swallowing them slowly head first, until the tail flips across my cheek before finally wriggling down my throat. But best of all, when I've finished eating I go and look in a mirror because' the tomato sauce smeared around my mouth makes me look like a clown.

FRANK FLYNN

Maths - BBC bitesize Maths – 16th June – Write percentages as a fraction and a decimal

https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/tags/zhgppg8/year-5-and-p6-lessons/1

Complete the table.

Pictorial	Percentage	Fraction	Decimal
	41 parts per hundred	41 out of 100	41 hundredths
	41%	$\frac{41}{100}$	0.41
	7 parts per hundred 7%		

Alex has read 93 pages of her book. Her book has 300 pages. What proportion of her book has she read? Give your answer as a percentage and a decimal.

$$\frac{93}{300} = \frac{?}{100} = \dots \% = \dots$$

Record the fractions as decimals and percentages.

$$\frac{120}{300} \quad \frac{320}{400} \quad \frac{20}{200} \quad \frac{12}{50}$$

Teddy says,



To convert a fraction to a percentage, you just need to put a percent sign next to the numerator.

Is Teddy correct? Explain your answer.

At a cinema, $\frac{4}{10}$ of the audience are adults.

The rest of the audience is made up of boys and girls.

There are twice as many girls as boys.

What percentage of the audience are girls?

Geography - BBC bitesize Geography – 16th June- The Lake District

https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/tags/zhgppg8/year-5-and-p6-lessons/1



The **Lake District**, is a mountainous region in North-West England. A popular holiday destination, it is famous for its lakes, forests and mountains and its associations with the Use the information below, and your own research, to create a poster or fact file that teaches people about The Lake District. Pretend the poster or fact file if for someone who has never heard of The Lake District.

early 19th century writings of William Wordsworth and the other Lake Poets. It is located in the county of Cumbria, and all the land in England higher than 3,000 feet (910 m) above sea level lies within the National Park.

Lake District National Park

The area, which was designated a <u>national park</u> on 9 May 1951 (less than a month after the first UK national park designation — the <u>Peak District</u>), is the most visited national park in the United Kingdom with 15.8 million annual visitors and more than 23 million annual day visits, the largest of the thirteen national parks in <u>England and Wales</u>, and the second largest in the <u>UK</u> after the Cairngorms. Its aim is to protect the landscape by restricting unwelcome change by industry or commerce. Most of the land in the park is in private ownership, with about 55% registered as agricultural land. Landowners include:

- Individual farmers and other private landowners, with more than half of the agricultural land farmed by the owners.
- The <u>National Trust</u> owns about a quarter of the total area (including some lakes and land of significant landscape value).

The lakes and mountains combine to form impressive scenery. Farmland and settlement have altered the natural scenery, and the ecology has been modified by human influence for <u>millennia</u> and includes important wildlife habitats. The Lake District failed in a previous attempt to gain World Heritage status as a natural <u>World Heritage Site</u>, because of human activities, such as commercial forestry, which have adversely impacted the park's assessment.

<u>Wednesday</u>

English - BBC bitesize English – 17th June- Writing a nonsense poem

https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/tags/zhgppg8/year-5-and-p6-lessons/1

Look the nonsense poem below. Can you identify poetic features in this poem?

Write your own nonsense poem!

On the Ning Nang Nong

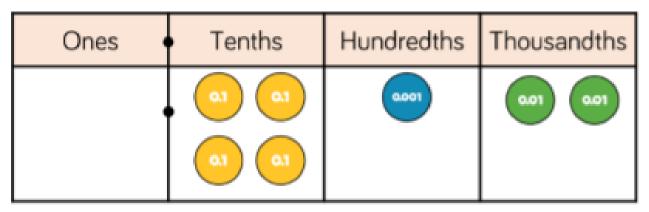


On the Ning Nang Nong Where the Cows go Bong! and the monkeys all say BOO! There's a Nong Nang Ning Where the trees go Ping! And the tea pots jibber jabber joo. On the Nong Ning Nang All the mice go Clang And you just can't catch 'em when they do! So its Ning Nang Nong Cows go Bong! Nong Nang Ning Trees go ping Nong Ning Nang The mice go Clang What a noisy place to belong is the Ning Nang Ning Nang Nong!!

Maths-BBC bitesize Math – 17th June- Adding decimals using formal method and involve exchange

https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/tags/zhgppg8/year-5-and-p6-lessons/1

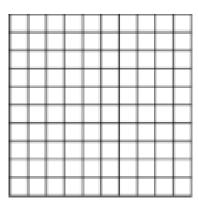
Use this place value chart to help answer the questions.



- What number is one hundredth more?
- Add 0.3, what number do you have now?
- How many more thousandths can I add before the hundredths digit changes?

Each box in this hundred square represents one hundredth of the whole. Use this to answer:

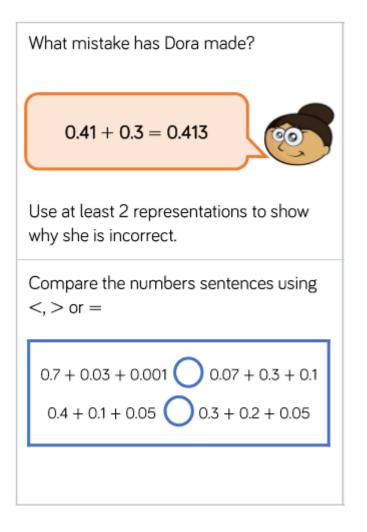
0.07 + 0.78



Use the column method to complete the additions.

0.87 + 0.07

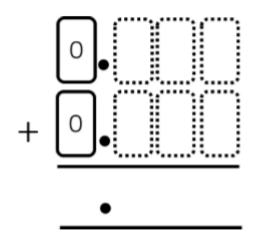
0.45 + 0.5 0.45 + 0.05 0.45 + 0.005



Rosie has some digit cards.



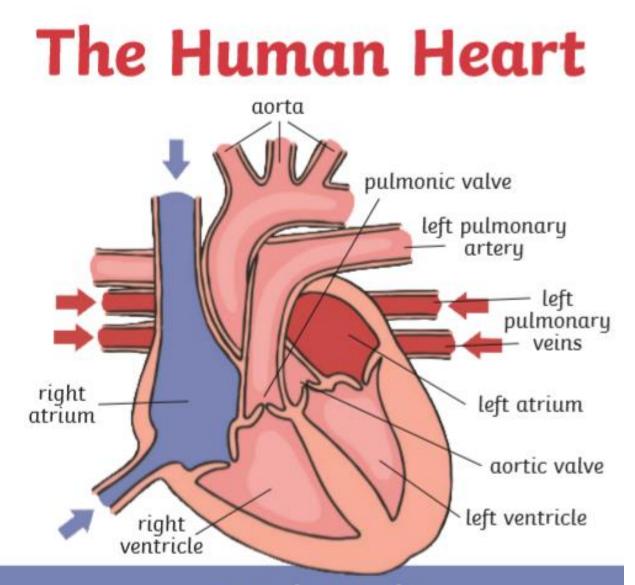
She uses each card once to make a number sentence.



What is the largest number she can make? What is the smallest?

Science BBC bitesize Science – 17th June - The circulatory system

https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/tags/zhgppg8/year-5-and-p6-lessons/1



How it Works

Our hearts pump blood out to the lungs to oxygenate it. The oxygenated blood is then pumped back into our heart and out to the rest of the body.

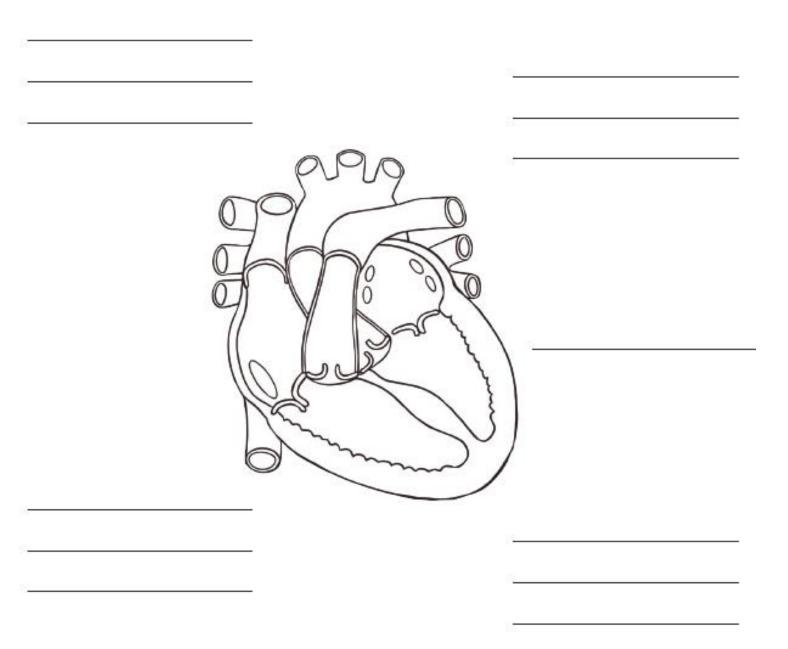






The Human Heart System

Label the parts of the heart system.



Now draw arrows onto the heart to show the direction of oxygenated and deoxygenated blood. Use 2 different colours to show the difference.

Thursday

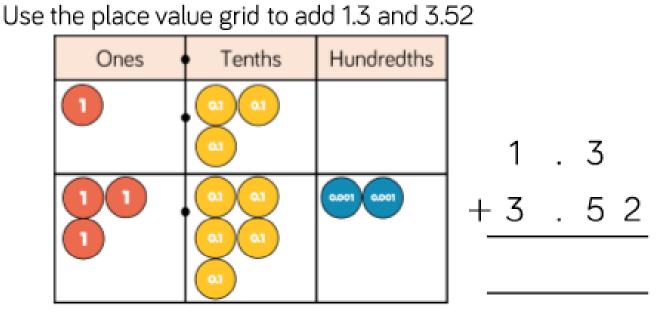
English - BBC bitesize English –18th June- Writing a poem

https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/tags/zhgppg8/year-5-and-p6-lessons/1

Change Starts with Me	
Please try your best to complete the acrostic poem, using the tit someone.	Please try your best to complete the acrostic poem, using the title Change starts with me. It could be about kindness, caring, or helping someone.
Write a sentence for each letter. Example Cuddles are great when a friend is sad! Helping people is showing kindness.	en a friend is sad! Helping people is showing kindness.
Please send your work to: <u>website@stjohnandjames.enfield.sch.uk</u>	
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Maths - BBC bitesize Maths – 18th June- Add decimals with different decimal places

https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/tags/zhgppg8/year-5-and-p6-lessons/1

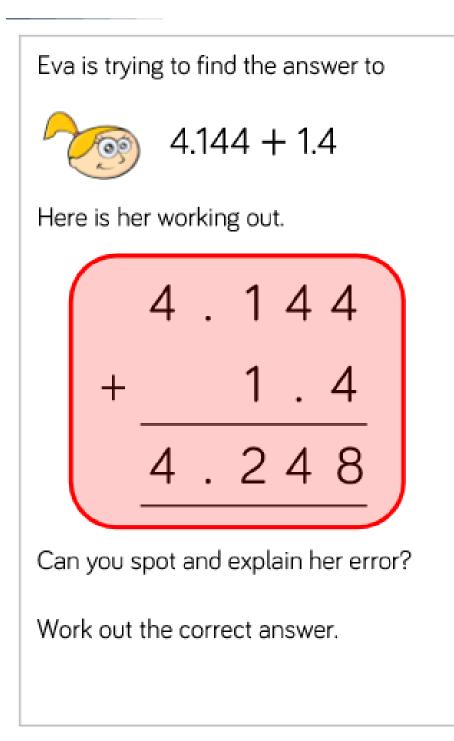


Use the column method to answer these questions.



Whitney is cycling in a race.

She has cycled 3.145 km so far and has 4.1 km left to go. What is the total distance of the race?



Place the calculations in the correct column in the table.

Some calculations might need to go in more than one place.

No exchange	Exchange in the ones column	Exchange in the tenths column	Exchange in the hundredths column	Exchange in the thousandths column

Add 2 more calculations to each column.

French - Play one of the French Vocabulary

games on language angels, you can find your log in in your exercise book.



Religious Education – The People of God

BIBLE TIMELINE



Research one of the following people:

- 1. Moses
- 2. Abraham
- 3. Noah

Choose one person above and make one of the following about them:

- 1. A poem or rap
- 2. A poster or hand-drawn picture
- 3. A leaflet
- 4. A PowerPoint
- 5. A video



<u>Friday</u>



English – Reading

BBC bitesize English –19th June – Reading

Log onto scholastic and read the book that has been assigned to you.

Then, complete the quiz questions for that book. Next, complete a book review on purple mash for the book.



Maths – 19th June- Word problems

Please complete the tasks assigned to you on Mathletics, then complete:

Three children have each read 360 pages of their own book.

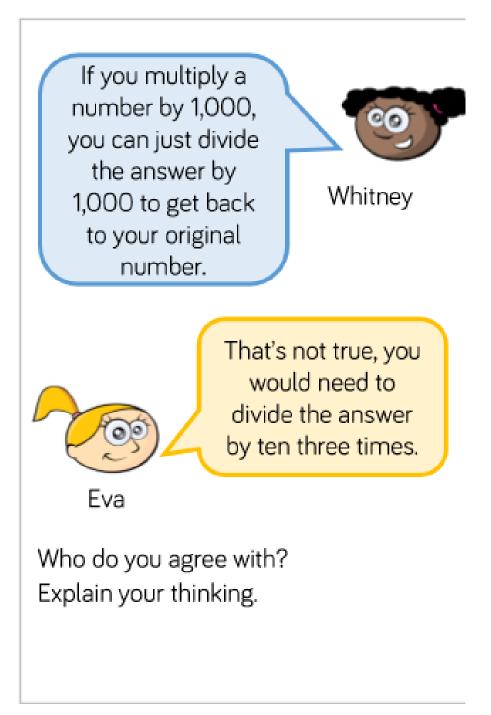
Ron's book has 500 pages. Dora's book has 400 pages. Eva's book has 600 pages.

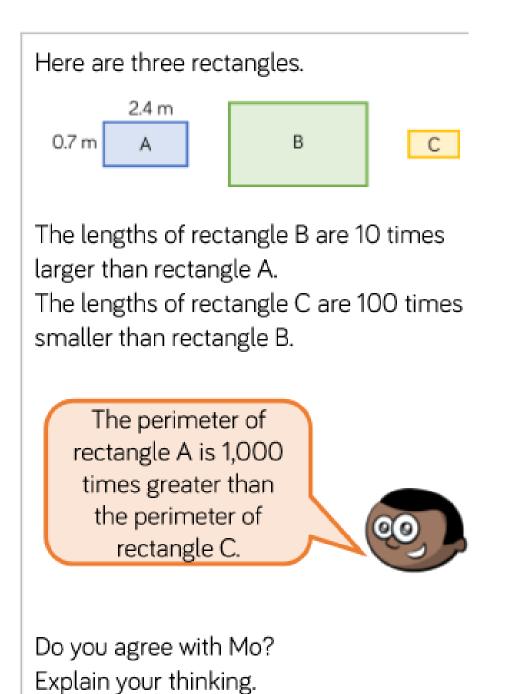
What fraction of their books have they each read?

What percentage of their books have they read?

How much of their books have they each read as a decimal?

Who has read the most of their book?





Music – Change starts with me





Watch the music video: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=PivWY9wn5ps</u>

1. The video shows some of the negative things that happen around the world. Can you write down what some of these negative things are? 2. Are any of these negative things happening today?

3. The video shows some positive things people are doing in the world to make it a better place. Write down an explanation on what some of these things are.

<u>Task 2</u>

1. Listen and watch the lyric video: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Zqe5NP86OCc

2. In the chorus Michael Jackson sings, "I'm starting with the man in the mirror." Who do you think the man in the mirror is?

3. In the song Michael Jackson sings the words, "If you want to make the world a better place, take a look at yourself and make a change." What do you think he meant by this?

<u>Task 3</u>

Write down 3 the ways you can make the world a better place. (This will help you with task 4)

Task 4: Recording and taking pictures options

- You can record a performance of yourself singing and dancing to Man in the Mirror.
- You can make up your own song about how you are going to change the world with kindness.
- You can take a picture of you performing your own song or the Man in the Mirror song.

Note: If you take pictures of you performing your own song please type up the lyrics and send it to the website above alongside the pictures.

Please send your work to: website@stjohnandjames.enfield.sch.uk



Can you remember what social distancing is?

Why is important to do it?

Have you found it difficult?











	No washing	Washing hands with just water	Washing hands with soap for 2 seconds.	Washing hands with soap for 20 seconds.
<u>Predictions</u> (You can include a diagram)				
<u>Results</u> (You can include a diagram)				

Make sure you know all your times tables and division facts!

1x table	2x table	3x table	4x table	5x table	óx table
1 × 1 = 1 2 × 1 = 2 3 × 1 = 2 4 × 1 = 4 5 × 1 = 5 6 × 1 = 6 7 × 1 = 5 8 × 1 = 8 9 × 1 = 8 9 × 1 = 9 10 × 1 = 10 11 × 1 = 11 12 × 1 = 12	1 × 2 = 2 2 × 2 = 4 3 × 2 = 6 4 × 2 = 8 5 × 2 = 10 6 × 2 = 12 6 × 2 = 14 8 × 2 = 14 8 × 2 = 16 9 × 2 = 18 10 × 2 = 20 11 × 2 = 20 11 × 2 = 20	1 × 3 = 3 2 × 3 = 6 3 × 3 = 6 4 × 3 = 12 5 × 3 = 15 6 × 3 = 15 6 × 3 = 15 6 × 3 = 15 7 × 3 = 15 7 × 3 = 21 8 × 3 = 24 9 × 3 = 24 9 × 3 = 27 10 × 3 = 30 11 × 3 = 36 12 × 3 = 36	$1 \times 4 = 4$ $2 \times 4 = 8$ $3 \times 4 = 12$ $4 \times 4 = 16$ $5 \times 4 = 20$ $6 \times 4 = 24$ $7 \times 4 = 24$ $7 \times 4 = 28$ $8 \times 4 = 32$ $9 \times 4 = 36$ $10 \times 4 = 40$ $11 \times 4 = 44$ $12 \times 4 = 48$	1 × 5 = 5 2 × 5 = 10 3 × 5 = 15 4 × 5 = 20 5 × 5 = 25 6 × 5 = 25 6 × 5 = 30 7 × 5 = 25 8 × 5 = 40 9 × 5 = 45 10 × 5 = 50 11 × 5 = 55 12 × 5 = 60	1 × 6 = 6 2 × 6 = 12 3 × 6 = 18 4 × 6 = 24 5 × 6 = 24 5 × 6 = 30 6 × 6 = 36 7 × 6 = 42 8 × 6 = 42 8 × 6 = 42 8 × 6 = 42 10 × 6 = 54 10 × 6 = 54 11 × 6 = 60 11 × 6 = 60 12 × 6 = 72
	8x table	9x table	10x table	11x table	12x table
1 × 7 = 7 2 × 7 = 14 3 × 7 = 21 4 × 7 = 28 5 × 7 = 28 6 × 7 = 42 7 × 7 = 49 8 × 7 = 63 9 × 7 = 63 10 × 7 = 63 10 × 7 = 63 11 × 7 = 84	1 × 8 = 8 2 × 8 = 16 3 × 8 = 24 4 × 8 = 32 5 × 8 = 40 6 × 8 = 48 7 × 8 = 56 8 × 8 = 64 9 × 8 = 64 9 × 8 = 64 11 × 8 = 80 11 × 8 = 88 12 × 8 = 96	1 × 9 = 9 2 × 9 = 18 3 × 9 = 27 4 × 9 = 36 5 × 9 = 45 6 × 9 = 54 7 × 9 = 63 8 × 9 = 54 9 × 9 = 63 9 × 9 = 81 10 × 9 = 90 11 × 9 = 90 11 × 9 = 90	1 × 10 = 10 2 × 10 = 20 3 × 10 = 20 4 × 10 = 40 5 × 10 = 50 6 × 10 = 60 7 × 10 = 70 8 × 10 = 80 9 × 10 = 90 10 × 10 = 110 11 × 10 = 120	1 × 11 = 11 2 × 11 = 22 3 × 11 = 22 4 × 11 = 44 5 × 11 = 55 6 × 11 = 66 7 × 11 = 55 8 × 11 = 88 9 × 11 = 88 9 × 11 = 99 10 × 11 = 110 11 × 11 = 121 12 × 11 = 132	1 × 12 = 12 2 × 12 = 24 3 × 12 = 24 4 × 12 = 48 5 × 12 = 60 6 × 12 = 60 6 × 12 = 72 7 × 12 = 84 8 × 12 = 96 9 × 12 = 108 10 × 12 = 108 10 × 12 = 1120 11 × 12 = 120 12 × 12 = 144