Home learning pack

Monday 29th June – Friday 3rd July

Year 5



Lessons can be found at BBC bitesize - daily lessons Year 5

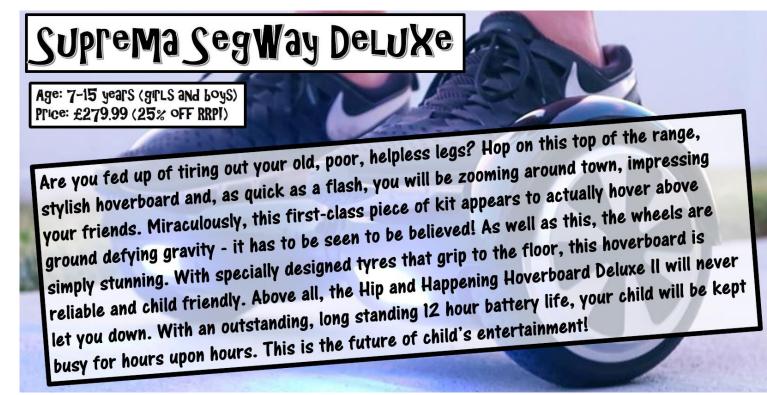
https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/tags/zhgppg8/year-5-lessons/1

Monday 29 June	- Friday 3 July		******	Daily lessons
Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday
English Ads and brochures	English Maps, charts and presentations	English Posters and leaflets	English Writing instructions	English Reading lesson: Artemis Fowl by Eoin Colfer
Maths Measure angles up to 180 degrees	Maths Draw angles up to 180 degrees	Maths Measure and identify angles on a straight line	Maths Measure and identify angles around a point	Maths Challenge of the week
RE – The big picture of the bible	Geography The Galápagos Islands	Refugee week – Empathy and understanding	Refugee week – Sharing stories	French – Language angels PSHE – online safety

Monday

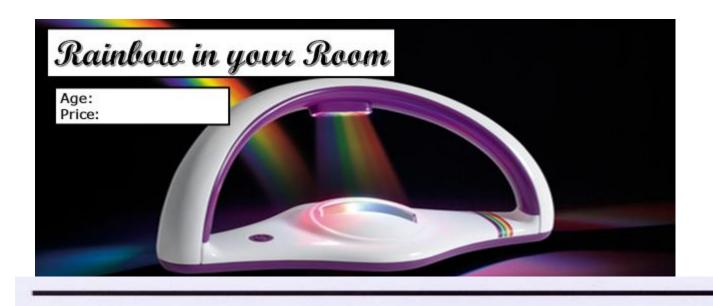
English - BBC bitesize English - 29th June - Ads and brochures

Below is an example of an advert. Choose 2 products on the next page to write your own adverts on the lines.











Maths - BBC bitesize maths - 29th June - Knowing types of angles

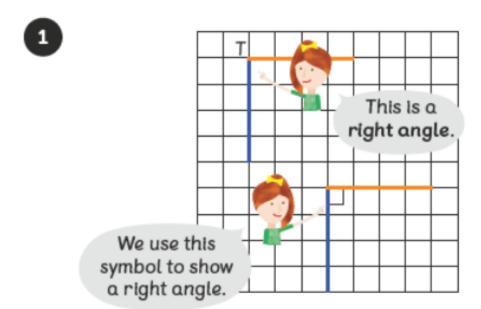
https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/tags/zhgppg8/year-5-and-p6-lessons/1



draws two straight lines that meet at a point T.

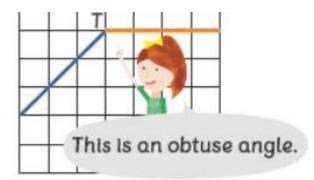
What types of angles can be formed?

Let's Learn



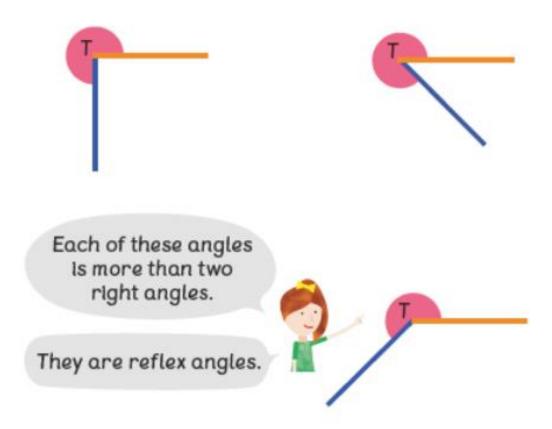
This is an acute angle.

An acute angle is less than a right angle.

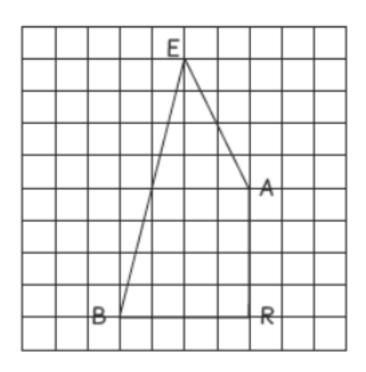


An obtuse angle is more than one right angle but less than two right angles.

How are these angles alike?

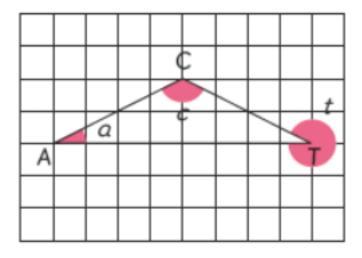


A reflex angle is more than two right angles.



Which angle:

- (a) is acute?
- (b) is a right angle?
- (c) is obtuse?
- (d) is reflex?



Which type of angle:

- (a) is angle c?
- (b) is angle a?
- (c) is angle t?

Draw a quadrilateral that includes at least:

- (a) one obtuse angle
- (b) one acute angle

RE – The big story of the bible

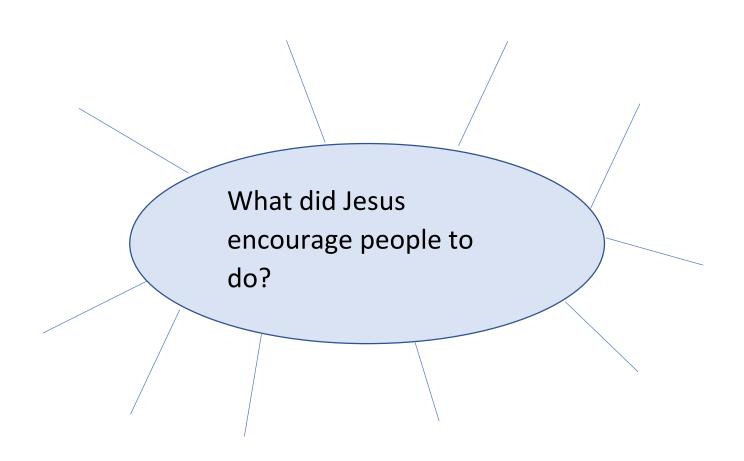
What is the Gospel?

What did Jesus encourage people to do?

https://request.org.uk/restart/2018/03/07/bible-quest-the-teachings-of-jesus/

Create a mind map about what Jesus encouraged people to do.



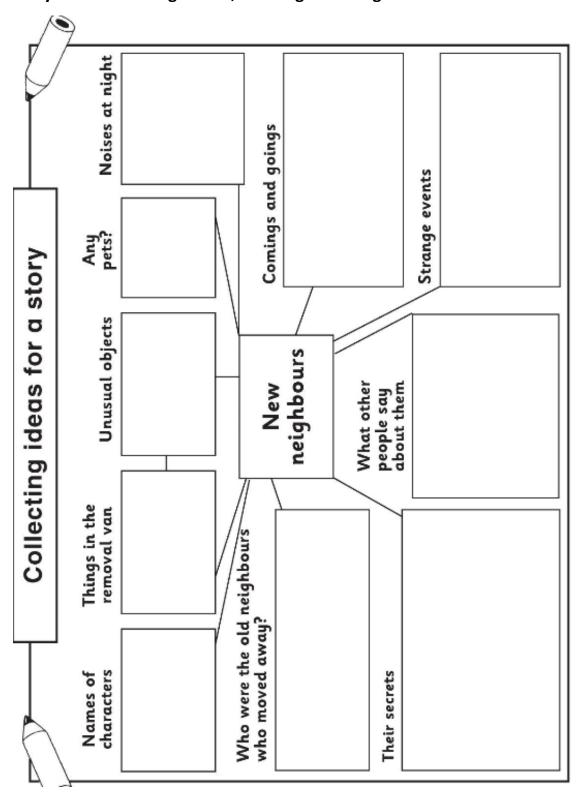


Tuesday-

English - BBC bitesize English – 30th June –maps, charts and presentations

https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/tags/zhgppg8/year-5-and-p6-lessons/1

We can often use mind maps and charts to plan our writing. Below is a chart to plan a story about new neighbours, have a go at filling it in.

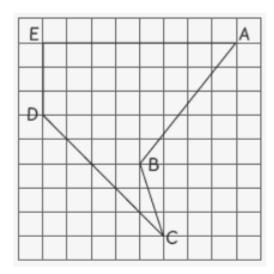


Maths - BBC bitesize Maths - 30th June - Knowing types of angles

Knowing Types of Angles

1

1 ABCDE is shown below.



(a) How many angles are there in polygon ABCDE?

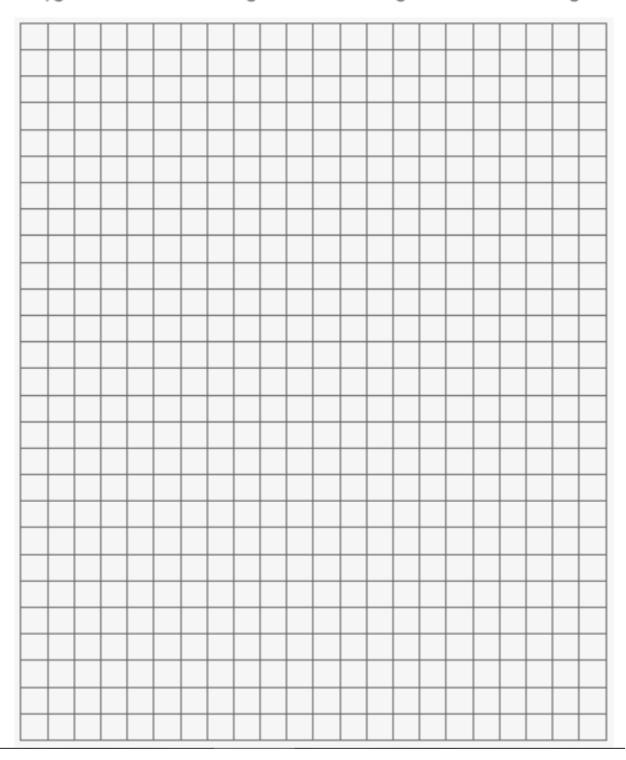
- (b) Which angle(s) is/are:
 - (i) acute?

(ii) right?

(iii) obtuse?

(iv) reflex?

- On the grid below, draw and label the following polygons:
- (a) Polygon R with 1 right angle and 2 acute angles
- (b) Polygon S with 2 right angles, 1 acute angle and 1 obtuse angle
- (c) Polygon T with 2 acute angles and 2 obtuse angles
- (d) Polygon U with 2 acute angles, 2 obtuse angles and 1 reflex angle



Geography - The Galapagos Islands

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=e1qaZKsflQg





Research the Galapagos Islands and create a fictile to encourage people to visit.

Wednesday

English - BBC bitesize English - 1st July- posters and leaflets

https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/tags/zhgppg8/year-5-and-p6-lessons/1

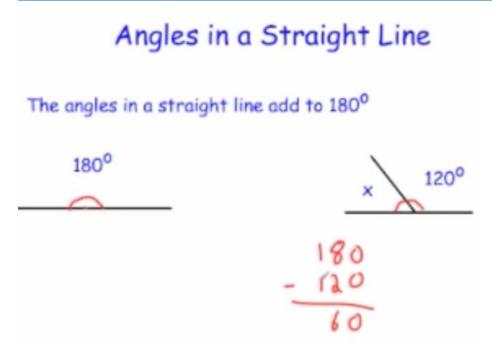
Create a poster or leaflet about the importance of being kind to others and to yourself.



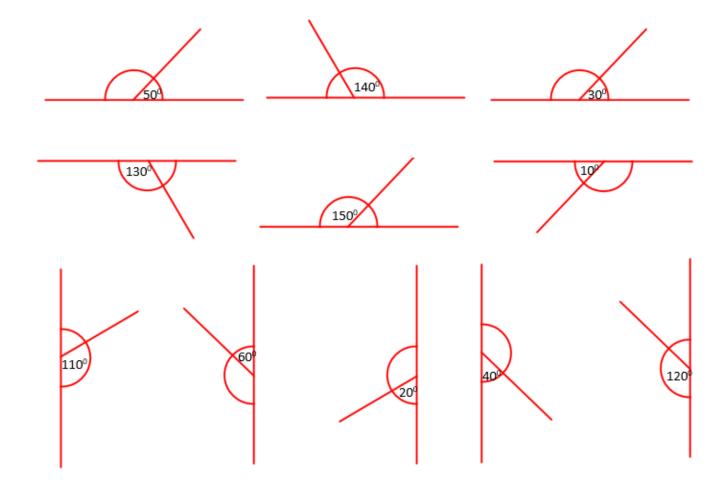


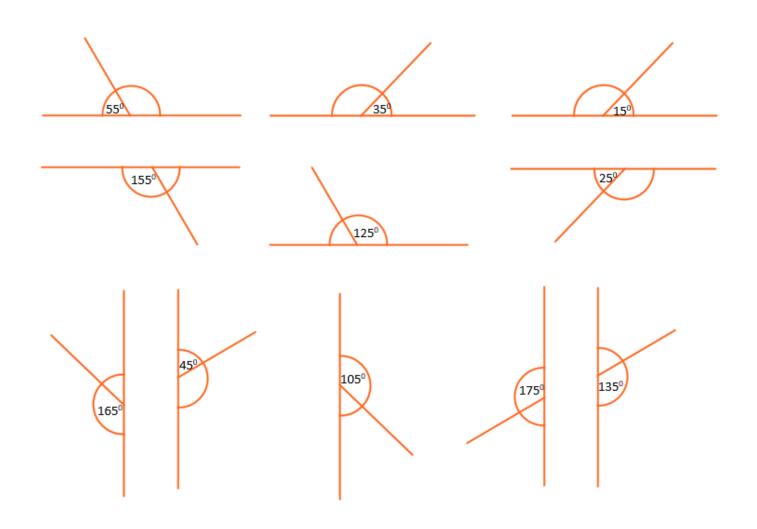
Maths BBC bitesize Math – 1st July - measure and identify angles on a straight line

https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/tags/zhgppg8/year-5-and-p6-lessons/1



Find the missing angle in each of these diagrams





Refugee week – Empathy and Understanding

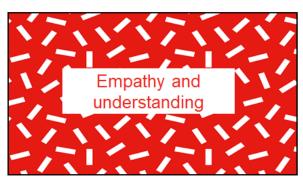
Research the definition of Refugee.

Write your own definition below.



What are empathy and understanding

What does understand mean to you?



Role play: imagine it was you

- Your friend doesn't understand the homework, they think it is too difficult for them. The teacher has explained, but they still don't understand. The teacher is not able to explain it again in a different way.
- Your family member wants to share a story with the family about something important to them. Nobody is listening to them.
- Someone in your class is being told off for something they didn't do. The adult won't listen to their side of the story. They are blaming them because they just think they are a "troublemaker".
- Someone is calling your friend names. Other people are laughing.

Reflection activity: we could be friends

"If we try and understand each other, we may even become friends"

Creative activity: the empathy tree

- Imagine that empathy is a seed. That seed can grow into a tree. It has roots and also branches.
- Draw this seed on a piece of paper. Underneath draw the roots.
 Write five kind things we can do to build empathy and understanding with others inside or underneath each root. Use the notes from the other activities you have done.
- Now draw the tree. Draw branches and leaves. On each leaf write a
 positive thing that can come from understanding people. Think
 about how it can be positive for you, for the other person, the
 community and the wider world.
- Think about empathy, kindness and understanding. What did you learn?

Thursday

English - BBC bitesize English - 2nd July - Writing instructions

https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/tags/zhgppg8/year-5-and-p6-lessons/1

Below is a recipe for fairy cakes, you can have a go at making them if you want.

Create your own recipe and write the instructions.



Ingredients

100g caster sugar

100g softened butter (for cakes)

200g softened butter (for icing)

100g self-raising flour

2 eggs

1 teaspoon vanilla extract

200g icing sugar

Food colouring, sprinkles, marshmallows or any other decorations that you fancy

Equipment

Oven

Fairy cake tray with room for 12 fairy cakes

12 fairy cake cases

Large mixing bowl

Small mixing bowl

Wooden spoon

Fork

Icing bag



Method

- Turn the oven on at 180°C or gas mark 4.
- Put a paper fairy cake case in each hole of your fairy cake tray.
- Put the sugar and 100g of butter in the large mixing bowl and mix it together. The butter needs to be soft so that you can really work it together with the sugar. It should be fluffy and creamy once combined.
- Sift the flour into the bowl. This gets rid of any horrid lumps and make the flour nice and airy so you have light fairy cakes. Fold the flour into the sugar and butter.
- Break the eggs into the small mixing bowl. Fish out any bits of shell that accidentally drop in and whisk the eggs together with a fork.
- Add the vanilla extract and the eggs to the butter, sugar and flour mixture and mix together.
- 7. Divide the cake mixture out evenly between the 12 fairy cake cases.
- Put the tray in the oven for 20 minutes. The fairy cakes should be golden once cooked.
- 9. Whilst the fairy cakes are cooking, wash and dry the large mixing bowl. Add the remaining 200g of softened butter to the bowl. Sift the icing sugar into the butter and mix together. The icing should be smooth and creamy. You can add a drop of food colour at this point if you want coloured icing.
- 10. Put the icing into the bag, ready to ice the cakes.
- 11. Once the fairy cakes have cooked, let them cool completely in the tray. When the cakes are cool, pipe the icing onto each fairy cake. Letting the cakes cool fully stops the icing from melting!
- 12. Decorate the cakes with your choice of sweets and sprinkles!
- 13. Serve your yummy fairy cakes and enjoy!











Writing Instructions



How to make a _____

Ingredients	Equipment
Method	

Maths - BBC bitesize Maths – 2nd July- measure and identify angles around a point

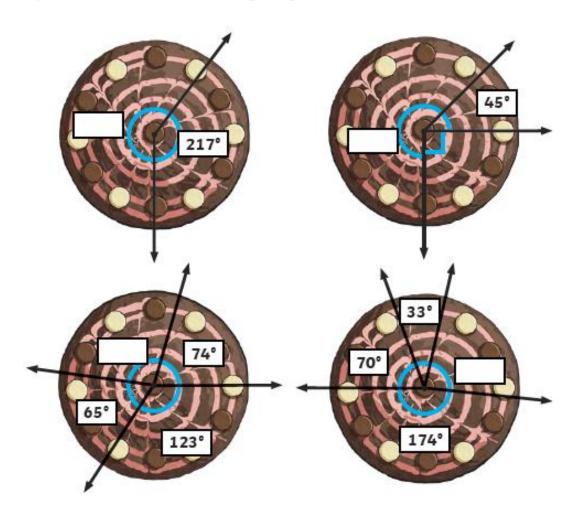
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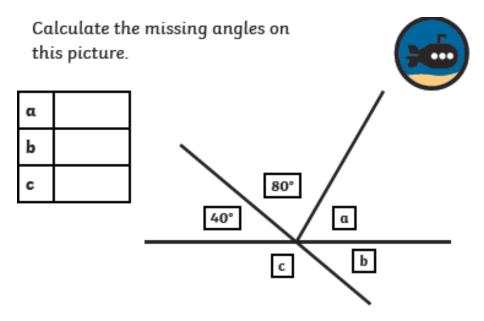
 Find three different sets of three numbers that have a sum of 360.



110	270	135
245	120	60
65	25	90
130	30	160

- α) _____
- b) _____
- c) _____
- 2) Calculate the missing angles.





How can you check your answers are correct?

Refugee week — sharing stories



Starter activity: who is a refugee?

Someone who leaves their homeland to go to another country because they don't feel safe in their own country. They ask the government if they can stay and submit an 'asylum application' so they can be seen as a refugee in another country. They can stay in the new countrywhile the government decides.
Someone who has proven to the government that it is too dangerousto return to their home country. The government says they are allowed tostay for a long time or forever.
Someone who has left or fled their home to go to new placesto find better or safer opportunities. This term can mean anyone who has left their country for any reason.
Mistreating someone because of who they are. It may be because of their race, religion, nationality because they belong to a particular social group or their political opinion.

Reflective activity: listening to stories

- My favourite storybook or TV character is...
- They look like...
- They are like ..
- They like...

Video activity: Leen's story



https://youtu.be/Kve20N4WejU

Creative activity: write your own comic_

Friday



English – Reading

BBC bitesize English - 3rd July - Reading

Log onto scholastic and read the book that has been assigned to you.

Then, complete the quiz questions for that book. Next, complete a book review on purple mash for the book.



Maths – 3rd July - Word problems

Please complete the tasks assigned to you on Mathletics, then complete:

Abdul is facing north.



He turns clockwise
135°, then another
90°. How many more
degrees clockwise does Abdul
need to turn to return to north?

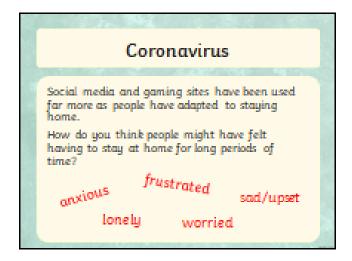
True	or false?	T	F
α	Four right angles make a full turn.		
b	A third of a full turn is a reflex angle.		
С	When the hands of a clock show 5 o'clock, the angles shown are 160° and 200°.		
d	You can make one whole turn with three acute angles.		

French - Play one of the French Vocabulary games on language angels, you can find your log in in your exercise book.



PSHE - Online safety

Coronavirus During this time of global crisis, large numbers of people have been affected worldwide. More children that ever have spent time online, playing online games, watching videos, chatting to their friends and learning from home.

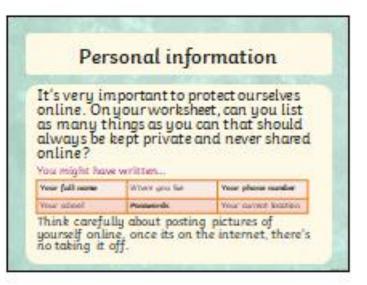


Throughout primary school, we have learnt about some of the dangers that being online can pose to us. We know that unfortunately, people can go online to be unkind and harm us and that some content is not appropriate for us to be accessing. Click here to recap ways we can stay safe online.

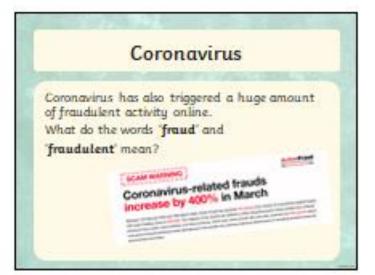


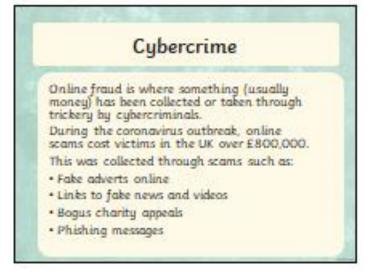








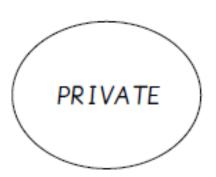




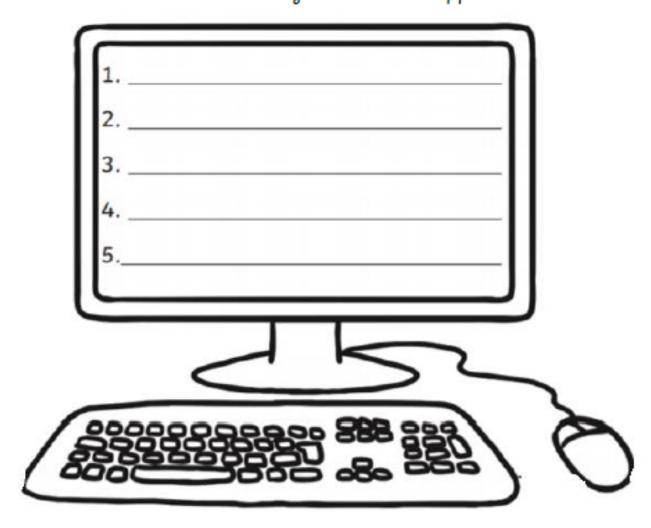




 Can you think of as many things as you can that should not be shared online?



2) What advice would you give to someone who was worried about something that had happened online?



Read the emails and decide which ones you think are for real and which ones are 'phishing'?

Emails:

Dear User,

You Will be blocked from sending and receiving emails if not confirmed within 24hrs of receiving this automated mail. You are required to update through the link below.

UPDATE LINK

Thanks for using Yahoo YAHOO Team.

Dear Mr Castle

Your postcode is: N93 6SW

We'll always include your postcode at the top of emails we send so you know it's from us. If you notice that your postcode is wrong you can update it via Internet Bank or by visiting your local branch. Your updated postcode will show on emails sent from us within 8 weeks.

We never ask for confidential details or security information in our emails. If you're ever suspicious of an email, please delete it immediately. If you think you've revealed your personal or security details visit our security web page here.

Nationwide team

Dear Chloe

Please find attached your invoice for your latest iTunes transactions. If you did not make these purchases or are concerned that your account may have been compromised, please follow this link and log in to your account.

Apple inc

Can you suggest a list of clues that might identify a phishing email – one that is not genuine and that we shouldn't open or take notice of?

- •
- •
- •
- •
- •
- •
- •
- •

Make sure you know all your times tables and division facts!

1x table	2x table	3x table	4x table	5x table	6x table
1 × 1 = 1 2 × 1 = 2 3 × 1 = 3 4 × 1 = 4 5 × 1 = 5 6 × 1 = 6 7 × 1 = 7 8 × 1 = 8 9 × 1 = 9 10 × 1 = 10 11 × 1 = 11	1 × 2 = 2 2 × 2 = 4 3 × 2 = 6 4 × 2 = 8 5 × 2 = 10 6 × 2 = 12 7 × 2 = 14 8 × 2 = 16 9 × 2 = 18 10 × 2 = 20 11 × 2 = 22 12 × 2 = 24	1 × 3 = 3 2 × 3 = 6 3 × 3 = 9 4 × 3 = 12 5 × 3 = 15 6 × 3 = 18 7 × 3 = 21 8 × 3 = 24 9 × 3 = 27 10 × 3 = 30 11 × 3 = 33	1 × 4 = 4 2 × 4 = 8 3 × 4 = 12 4 × 4 = 16 5 × 4 = 20 6 × 4 = 24 7 × 4 = 28 8 × 4 = 32 9 × 4 = 36 10 × 4 = 40 11 × 4 = 44 12 × 4 = 48	1 × 5 = 5 2 × 5 = 10 3 × 5 = 15 4 × 5 = 20 5 × 5 = 25 6 × 5 = 30 7 × 5 = 35 8 × 5 = 40 9 × 5 = 45 10 × 5 = 50 11 × 5 = 55 12 × 5 = 60	1 × 6 = 6 2 × 6 = 12 3 × 6 = 18 4 × 6 = 24 5 × 6 = 30 6 × 6 = 36 7 × 6 = 42 8 × 6 = 48 9 × 6 = 54 10 × 6 = 60 11 × 6 = 66 12 × 6 = 72
7x table	8x table	9x table	10x table	11x table	12x table
1 × 7 = 7 2 × 7 = 14 3 × 7 = 21 4 × 7 = 28 5 × 7 = 35 6 × 7 = 42 7 × 7 = 49 8 × 7 = 69 9 × 7 = 63 10 × 7 = 70 11 × 7 = 77	1 × 8 = 8 2 × 8 = 16 3 × 8 = 24 4 × 8 = 32 5 × 8 = 40 6 × 8 = 48 7 × 8 = 56 8 × 8 = 64 9 × 8 = 72 10 × 8 = 80 11 × 8 = 88	$1 \times 9 = 9$ $2 \times 9 = 18$ $3 \times 9 = 27$ $4 \times 9 = 36$ $5 \times 9 = 45$ $6 \times 9 = 54$ $7 \times 9 = 63$ $8 \times 9 = 72$ $9 \times 9 = 81$ $10 \times 9 = 90$ $11 \times 9 = 90$ $11 \times 9 = 99$	1 × 10 = 10 2 × 10 = 20 3 × 10 = 30 4 × 10 = 40 5 × 10 = 50 6 × 10 = 60 7 × 10 = 70 8 × 10 = 80 9 × 10 = 90 10 × 10 = 100 11 × 10 = 110	1 × 11 = 11 2 × 11 = 22 3 × 11 = 33 4 × 11 = 44 5 × 11 = 55 6 × 11 = 66 7 × 11 = 77 8 × 11 = 88 9 × 11 = 99 10 × 11 = 110 11 × 11 = 121 12 × 11 = 132	1 × 12 = 12 2 × 12 = 24 3 × 12 = 36 4 × 12 = 48 5 × 12 = 60 6 × 12 = 72 7 × 12 = 84 8 × 12 = 96 9 × 12 = 108 10 × 12 = 120 11 × 12 = 132 12 × 12 = 144